

Interventional Devices to Treat Newborns With Complex Congenital Heart Disease

Our Children Deserve The Best to Fix The Little Broken Hearts

Congenital Heart Disease

in 100 babies born with congenital heart diseases

25% are critical, requiring immediate intervention

4.2% of all neonatal deaths

6.1 billion in pediatric CHD hospitalization cost per year





Figure 1. Open-heart surgery

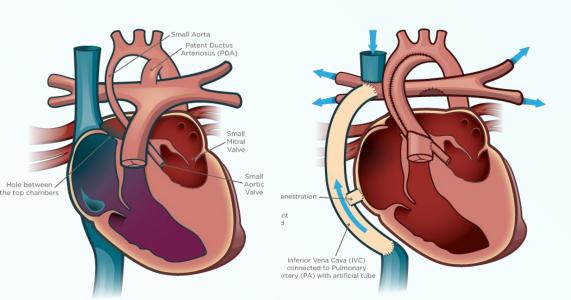
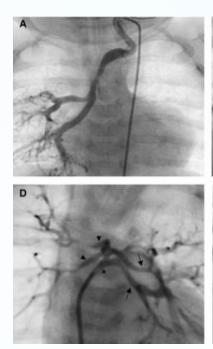


Figure 2. Hypoplastic left heart syndrome (HLHS) and Fontan Procedure



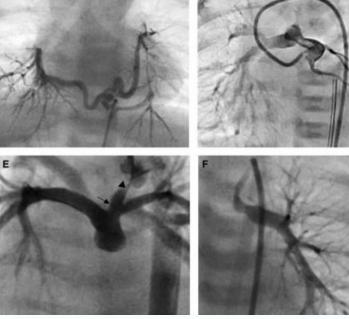
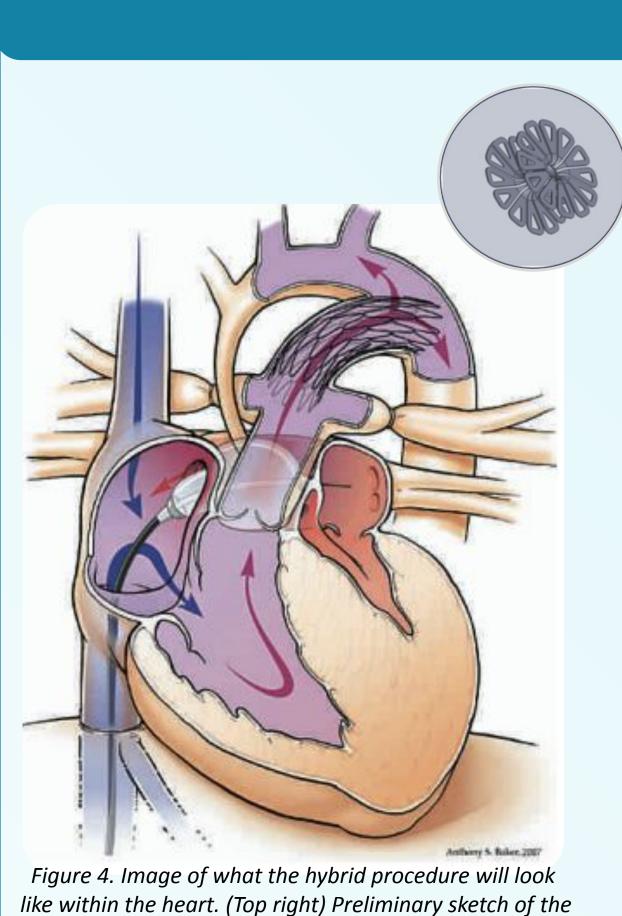


Figure 3. Major aortopulmonary collateral arteries (MAPCA) and a ductus arteriosus.



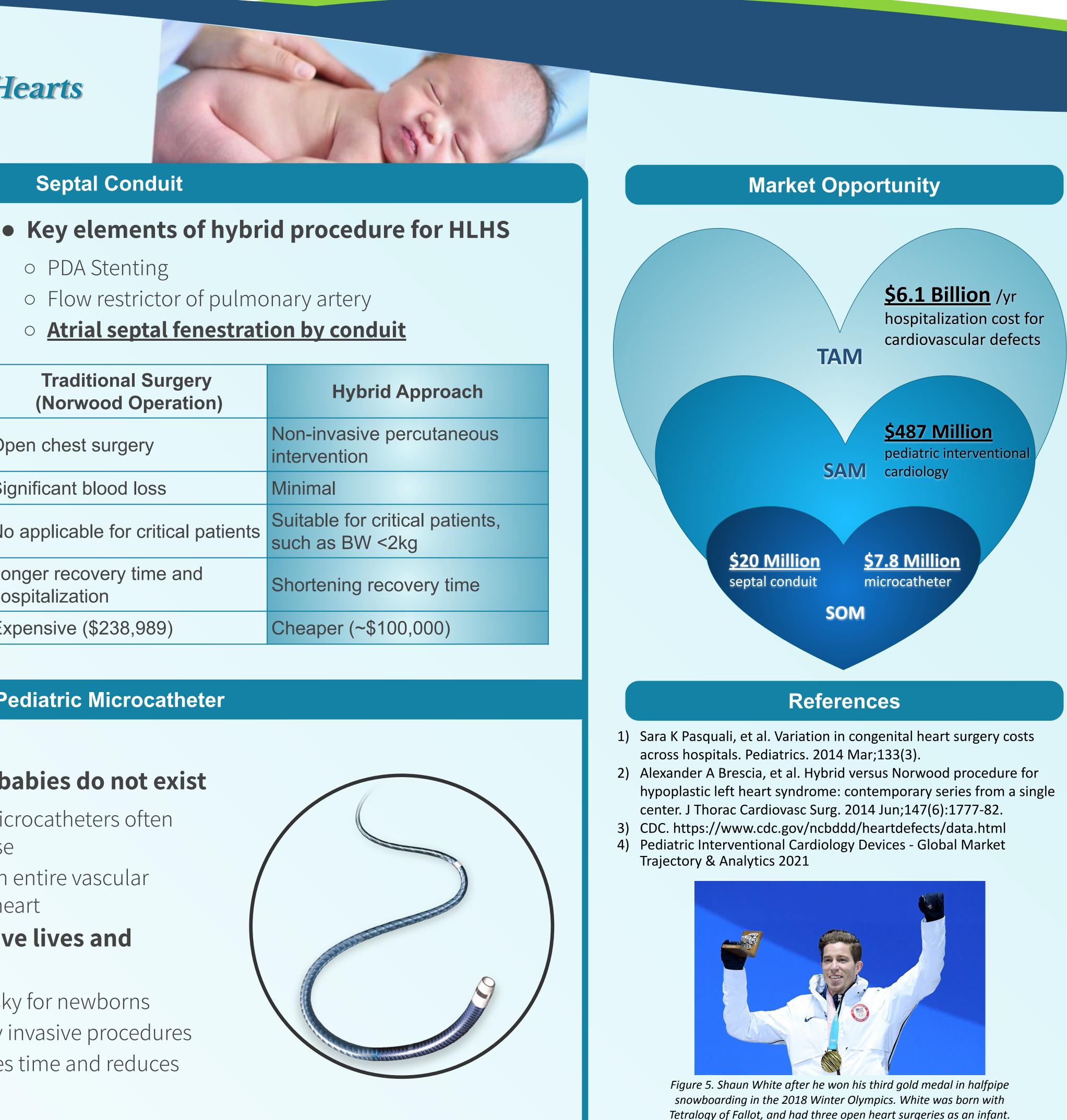
• Microcatheters designed for babies do not exist

- Neurovascular and peripheral microcatheters often adapted for off-label pediatric use
- Flexible section often longer than entire vascular distance from femoral artery to heart

Interventional treatments save lives and money

- Open heart surgery especially risky for newborns • Microcatheters enable minimally invasive procedures • Better microcatheter design saves time and reduces X-ray fluoroscopy exposure

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features Starlight's septal conduit might have.

Septal Conduit

- PDA Stenting
- Flow restrictor of pulmonary artery
- Atrial septal fenestration by conduit

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Minimal
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Cheaper

Pediatric Microcatheter

